

中華郵政股份有限公司 112 年職階人員甄試試題

職階／甄選類科【代碼】：專業職(二)內勤／櫃台業務【W2001-W2019】、
櫃台業務-限身心障礙人士【W2020-W2033】、
郵務處理【W2101-W2114】

第二節／共同科目：國文(短文寫作、閱讀測驗)及英文

*入場通知書編號：

注意：①作答前先檢查答案卡(卷)，測驗入場通知書編號、座位標籤、應試科目等是否相符，如有不同應立即請監試人員處理。使用非本人答案卡(卷)作答者，該節不予計分。
②本試卷一張雙面，國文考【短文寫作 1 題，配分 30 分；閱讀測驗二大篇共 10 題，每題 2 分，合計 50 分】、英文考【四選一單選選擇題 25 題，每題 2 分，合計 50 分】，總計 100 分。
③四選一單選選擇題限以 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上作答，請選出一個正確或最適當答案，答錯不倒扣；以複選作答或未作答者，該題不予計分。請勿於答案卡(卷)書寫應考人姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
④非選擇題限以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆於答案卷上採橫式作答，並請依標題指示之題號於各題指定作答區內作答。
⑤請勿於答案卡(卷)上書寫姓名、入場通知書編號或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
⑥答案卡(卷)務必繳回，違反者該節成績以零分計算。

壹、國文

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一、短文寫作【30 分】

常言道：「過猶不及」，即做事過分就好比做得不夠一樣，任何事情唯有做得恰到好處才是最適當的。這句話你或許同意，或許感到困惑，甚至有其他的體會。請結合自己的經驗與見聞，以「過猶不及」為題，撰寫一篇短文，文長不得少於 300 字，也勿超過 600 字。

二、閱讀測驗【二大篇共 10 題，每題 2 分】

第一篇：

荆宣王問群臣曰：「吾聞北方畏昭奚恤也，果誠何如？」群臣莫對。江乙對曰：「虎求百獸而食之，得狐，狐曰：『子無敢食我也，天帝使我長百獸，今子食我，是逆天命也。子以我為不信，吾為子先行，子隨我後，觀百獸之見我而敢不走乎？』虎以為然，故遂與之行。獸見之皆走，虎不知獸畏己而走也，以為畏狐也。今王之地方五千里，帶甲百萬，而專屬之昭奚恤也，故北方之畏奚恤也，其實畏王之甲兵也，猶百獸之畏虎也！」（《戰國策·楚一》）

【1】1.下列針對「」內詞語的解釋，何者正確？

- ①獸見之皆「走」。走：逃跑
②是「逆」天命也。逆：迎接
③「猶」百獸之畏虎也。猶：猶豫
④天帝使我「長」百獸。長：年長

【1】2.下列「以為」一詞的用法，何者與其他選項不同？

- ①它山之石，可「以為」錯
②虎「以為」然，故遂與之行
③虎不知獸畏己而走也，「以為」畏狐也
④吾欲廢帝，立陳留王，諸大臣「以為」何如

【4】3.依據本文，下列敘述正確的選項是：

- ①故事中的狐與虎可用狼狽為奸來形容
②從荆宣王的提問及群臣不回答，可知他是個昏君
③北方國家害怕昭奚恤的原因是因為他很會帶兵打仗
④江乙藉由這個故事表達北方國家所害怕的是國君的百萬雄兵

【3】4.文中的「甲兵」本指古代軍人穿的護身衣服，此借代為士兵。下列選項有運用借代修辭的是：

- ①月落烏啼霜滿天，江楓漁火對愁眠
②劍外忽傳收薊北，初聞涕淚滿衣裳
③孤帆遠影碧山盡，唯見長江天際流
④無邊落木蕭蕭下，不盡長江滾滾來

【2】5.下列選項，與「狐假虎威」意思最相近的成語是：

- ①為虎作倀
②仗勢欺人
③含沙射影
④沐猴而冠

第二篇：

〈養生主〉中有名的「庖丁解牛」，含意深奧，是人生哲學也是美學原理。管廚房的人最重要的材料是牛羊豬雞鴨鵝之類，一般我們說屠牛宰羊，但莊子說解牛。事實上牛體就是現代街頭，結構十分複雜，而庖丁用的刀刃是真君心靈，即「德蕩乎名」那個天真。人一定要通過人間世界，就好像簡樸心要穿越現代街頭，才經得起考驗。庖丁在文惠君之前展示解牛過程，是通過音樂的節奏與舞蹈的動作，牛沒有痛苦、流血，像塵埃飄落大地，是一種藝術美感的演出。君王肯定讚美其技藝，庖丁抗議。原來超越人間世界並非技術問題，庖丁解其心路歷程說一般人解牛是用刀砍斷骨頭，刀會斷折，用刀切割筋肉，刀鋒會捲曲傷損，因此有人一個月、有人三個月、有人一年就要換一把刀，而他那把刀十九年了仍像新的一樣。這把刀是每個人的精神自我，牛體是人間世界，穿越人間街頭，我還是我，永遠那麼天真、美好，沒有挫折。如何可能？他的原理在：刀刃沒有厚度，牛體結構有空隙，人間街頭看似複雜，其實有空隙，如果我沒有自己，刀鋒便能通過縫隙把牛體解開，不砍不切不對社會宣戰，人間的窄門糾結都可以解開。現在的社會新聞，親人間相互傷害，不光夫妻、男女朋友還有父子、母女，代表人與人已經太忙太累，疲累產生厭棄、委屈、悲壯，而走向決絕，連親情都在決戰，那就是沒有解。如何穿過人生關卡，是「解」開它，而解開牛體的原理在解開自己，自己「無厚度」才能通過牛體結構，監牢在我們心裡，我們要把心有千千結那個「結」解開，境隨心轉，解開自己，才能釋放別人，這樣的「解」，莊子謂之「心齋」。

【2】6.依據文義，作者所謂「真君心靈」指的應該是：

- ①勤奮好學
②精神自我
③修道練丹
④聖賢仁師

【3】7.依據本文，庖丁解牛故事中的「解牛」是用來比喻：

- ①開放味蕾的感受
②找到練習的方法
③穿越人生的關卡
④提升禮義的修養

【2】8.依據本文：「君王肯定讚美其技藝，庖丁抗議」，庖丁抗議的原因是：

- ①君王的讚美只是隨意敷衍
②君王只看到表面的技術層次
③君王對牛的痛苦缺乏憐憫之心
④君王不明白凡事熟能生巧的道理

【4】9.依據本文，如果我們要像庖丁的刀一樣永保如新，最好的方法是：

- ①不食人間煙火
②閱讀聖賢之書
③嘗試各種挑戰
④解開心中的結

【2】10.本文提出「自己無厚度」之說，主要是看到人們常因何者所苦？

- ①不分辨是非善惡
②內心有許多執著
③心總是隨境而轉
④不會向社會宣戰

【請接續背面】

貳、英文【四選一單選選擇題 25 題，每題 2 分】

一、字彙測驗【請依照句子前後文意，選出最適當的答案】

- 【3】 11. The latest _____ of this software is superior to all the previous ones.
① priority ② anniversary ③ version ④ fiction
- 【4】 12. To get hired in this _____ industry, you need to have some unique traits that make you stand out from your fellow candidates.
① obvious ② responsible ③ imaginary ④ competitive
- 【2】 13. An _____ to driving during rush hour is taking public transportation.
① achievement ② alternative ③ objection ④ inspiration
- 【4】 14. In the speech contest, Jane and Bill won first place and third place _____.
① barely ② particularly ③ gradually ④ respectively
- 【2】 15. Walking in the city after the tragic event, you can see that many pedestrians were weighed down by a heavy sense of _____.
① joy ② sorrow ③ delight ④ excitement
- 【2】 16. At the party, her delightful smile was so _____ that it influenced the mood of everyone present.
① dismal ② infectious ③ unapproachable ④ noncommunicable
- 【4】 17. In the company, he stood out as a _____ employee, consistently punctual and exceptionally responsible with tasks.
① tardy ② lazy ③ careless ④ diligent
- 【1】 18. Regrettably, they decided to _____ the party due to unforeseen circumstances.
① cancel ② attend ③ enhance ④ decorate

二、文法測驗【請在下列各題中選出最適當的答案】

- 【4】 19. _____ everybody's effort, the concert was a big success.
① In addition to ② Because ③ In spite of ④ Thanks to
- 【2】 20. It was an old friend _____ Tom came across in the park yesterday.
① which ② that ③ what ④ where
- 【2】 21. She _____ all her homework assignments yet, has she?
① hadn't finished ② hasn't finished ③ don't finish ④ didn't finish
- 【2】 22. Despite _____ incredibly tired, he continued working on the project.
① be ② being ③ been ④ to be
- 【3】 23. During the weekends, he likes hiking in the mountains, swimming in the local pool, and _____ in the park.
① to run ② run ③ running ④ ran
- 【1】 24. I can't forget that memorable place _____ we shared our first conversation and laugh.
① where ② which ③ who ④ whose
- 【3】 25. Not only did she sing a beautiful song, but she also _____ a graceful dance at the party.
① dance ② dances ③ danced ④ dancing

三、克漏字測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

French fries are delicious. They are many people's favorite, because they are perfect comfort food. Sadly, there is a new study that 26 fried foods are related to mental health.

The results of the study show that people who enjoy fried foods are more likely to experience negative emotions. 27 with those who avoid fried snacks, they are more likely to have mental problems. They have a 12 percent higher chance of feeling 28 and a 7 percent higher chance to feel depressed. The study was based on data 29 over 11 years from the diets of more than 140,000 people. It reveals that those who ate more fried foods also 30 depression more often. However, it's important to note that unhappy people may simply prefer eating fried snacks.

- 【4】 26. ① offers ② delivers ③ rises ④ suggests
- 【2】 27. ① Comparing ② Compared ③ To compare ④ Compare
- 【1】 28. ① anxious ② luxurious ③ curious ④ various
- 【2】 29. ① collecting ② collected ③ was collected ④ to collect
- 【3】 30. ① figured out ② turned down ③ suffered from ④ relied on

四、閱讀測驗【請依照段落上下文意，選出最適當的答案】

There is an idea that's simple yet powerful. It's called The Fun Theory, and it states that things are better if they are more fun. Why? Because people are more willing to do the right thing if they can get some fun out of it.

Volkswagen announced The Fun Theory in 2009 and since then has organized contests for inventions that can prove The Fun Theory. One winner was the Speed Camera Lottery, designed to get people to obey the speed limit. It involves a camera that not only issues speeding tickets to cars that drive too fast, but also notices cars that come through at or under the speed limit. It then automatically issues a lottery ticket to those who obeyed the speed limit, giving them a chance to win some money. Best of all, the lottery is funded by money collected from speeding fines.

Another winner of The Fun Theory contest is The World's Deepest Trash Bin. It's a trash bin with a sound effect--when someone throws trash in, the bin makes the sound of a heavy object falling through the air and crashing to the ground.

The results of these inventions prove that The Fun Theory can indeed be used to change people's behavior. The Speed Camera Lottery led to a 22% **decrease** in people's average driving speed, and the World's Deepest Trash Bin collected more than seventy kilograms of garbage in one day. As The Fun Theory shows, things are better when they're more fun.

- 【1】 31. What is the purpose of this passage?
① To introduce an idea.
② To compare two items.
③ To solve a problem.
④ To tell a gruesome story.
- 【2】 32. According to the passage, which of the following statements about The Fun Theory is true?
① It was first proposed in the 19th century.
② It claims that people like to do interesting things.
③ Volkswagen held contests to prove it was wrong.
④ It is a powerful but complicated theory.
- 【3】 33. Which of the following is the benefit that the Speed Camera Lottery brought?
① There have been more and more car accidents.
② People were driving even faster than before.
③ Fewer and fewer people got speeding tickets.
④ Many people became millionaires.
- 【1】 34. Which of the following can best replace the word "**decrease**" in the last paragraph?
① Drop.
② Improvement.
③ Promotion.
④ Benefit.
- 【4】 35. Where does this passage most likely come from?
① A medical journal.
② A magazine named "Animal World."
③ An ad about travel.
④ A report on amazing inventions.